PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or Agent's file reference				See Notification of Transmittal of International Price FOR FURTHER ACTION Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)					
International application No. PCT/FR 03/03651			ion No.	International filing date 10.12.2003	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 10.12.2002			
	rnational P K35/78	atent (Classification (IPC) or na	ational classification and	IPC				
	licant CHE CONS	SUMER	R HEALTH LTD. et al.						
1.	 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 								
2.	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 5 sheets including this title page.								
	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Instruction 607 of Administrative Instructions of the PCT).								
	These annexes consist of a total of sheets.								
3.	This repo	rt cont	ains indications relating	to the following items:					
	ı	\boxtimes	Basis of the report						
	. 11		Priority						
III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicable					and industrial applicability				
IV ☐ Lack of unity of invention V ☒ Reasoned statement according to Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applica citations and explanations supporting such statement VI ☐ Certain documents cited						•			
						novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;			
	VII		Certain defects in the	international application					
VIII Certain observations on the international application									
1	Date of submission of the demand 01.07.2004 Name and mailing address of the IPEA				Date of completion 17.03.2005	of this report			
Nar					Authorized officer:				
European Patent Office D-80298 Munich Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 523656 epmu d Fax: +49 89 2399 - 4465			3656 epmu d	Laffargue-Haak, T	89 2399-8009				

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JC20 Rec'd PCT/PTO 08 JUN 2005

1.	Bas	is of the	report								
1.	by t	he receiv	ing office in resp	up on the basis of the following elements (the replacement ponse to an invitation according to Article 14 are conside are not annexed to the report as they contain no amendm	red in the present						
	Des	escription, pages:									
	1-50)	as originally file	ed							
	Clai	Claims, No.:									
	1-23	3	as originally file	e d							
2 .		With regard to the language , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.									
	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is:										
	the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b))										
		the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).									
			uage of the trans Rule 55.2 and/or	slation furnished for the purposes of international prelimina 55.3).	ary examination						
3.		Vith regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, ne international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:									
		contained in the international application in written form.									
filed together with the international application in computer readable form.											
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.									
		furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form.									
		The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed has been furnished.									
		The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished.									
4.	The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of:										
		☐ the	description,	pages:							
		☐ the	claims,	Nos.:							
		☐ the	drawings,	sheets:							

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5.		This report has been written disregarding (some of) the amendments, which were considered as going beyond the description of the invention, as filed, as is indicated below (Rule 70.2(c)):		
		(All replacement sheets comprising amendments of this nature should be indicated in point 1 and attached to this report).		
6	المامة	itional chaonystiona if necessary		

- 6. Additional observations, if necessary:
- V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement
- 1. Statement

Novelty	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-23
Inventive Step	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-23
Industrial Applicability	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-23

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

V. Reasoned statement regarding novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability.

Reference is made to the following documents:

- D1: DATABASE WPI Section Ch, Week 199239 Derwent Publications Ltd., London, GB; Class B04, AN 1992-321310 XP002251031 & KR 9 102 518 B (DONG KUK PHARM CO) April 23, 1991 (1991-04-23).
- D2: EP-A-0 867 447 (DONG KOOK PHARM CO LTD) September 30, 1998 (1998-09-30).
- D3: DATABASE BIOSIS [Online] BIOSCIENCES INFORMATION SERVICE, PHILADELPHIA, PA, US; 1992, COLLINS D J ET AL: "TRITERPENE ACIDS FROM SOME PAPUA NEW GUINEA TERMINALIA SPECIES" XP002251030 Database accession no. PREV199293116315

Novelty.

D1 and D2 disclose methods for extraction from the plant *Centella asiatica*, that differ from the methods claimed in claims 1 and 2 (at least) by virtue of the absence of steps c) and e). Document D3 concerns ether extracts and is not therefore considered to be relevant.

The description does not cite any documents that reflect the state of the art described on page 3, lines 16-23 (contrary to R.5.1 a)ii) PCT). This prior art concerns methods of extraction for obtaining a mixture of asiaticoside, madecassoside and by-products (15%) or else 81% of madecassoside and close isomers of madecassoside.

The subject matter of claims 1 and 2 relates to methods for preparing an extract of *Centella asiatica* comprising, inter alia, madecassoside and terminoloside. Terminoloside is a positional isomer of madecassoside (present description, p. 4, l. 15). Given that the methods mentioned above comprise a not insignificant amount of impurities, which *could* be terminoloside because of its structure close to madecassoside. In the absence of any precise further information regarding the various steps of the methods of the prior art and the content of the extracts obtained with said methods, in particular the presence of amounts of terminoloside, the subject matter of claims 1 and 2 is considered to be novel.

The same reservations are expressed for the product claims (claims 9, 12, 15 and 22). As regards the novelty of the product claims 9, 12, 15 and 22, it should be noted that document D3 (summary, final sentence) casts a doubt concerning the presence of terminolic acid glycosides in extracts of *Centella asiatica* and contradicts the passage on p. 4, l. 15-17 ("terminoloside has never been mentioned as being a possible extract of *Centella asiatica*"). For these Form PCT/Separate sheet/409 (sheet 1) (EPO-April 1997)

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reasons, the subject matter of claims 9, 12, 15 and 22 can be considered to be novel.

Inventive step

Taking documents D1 and D2, or else the references mentioned on p. 3, 1. 16-23 of the present description, to be the closest state of the art, the difference between the extraction methods of the prior art and the invention as claimed would seem to be the presence of terminoloside. The technical problem to be solved is defined as the provision of methods for extracting terminoloside.

Given that D3 casts a serious doubt over the presence of terminolic acid in extracts of *Centella asiatica* and that it is necessary to modify two steps of the method compared with the extraction methods described in D1 and D2, the subject matter of claims 1 and 2 can be considered to be inventive.

The presence of terminoloside in extracts of *Centella asiatica* (that comprise, inter alia, madecassoside and asiaticoside as active agents), has a technical effect (see p. 46 and 48, describing the effects on the production of IL-1 and PGE-2). It ensues that, not only can the method be considered to be inventive, but also the product thus obtained. The subject matter of claims 9, 12, 15, 22 and 23 therefore also involves an inventive step.